

1. The screw symmetry operation is a combination of a _____ operation followed by a _____ operation. [4 pts]
2. The space group of pyrite (FeS_2) is $P2_1/a\bar{3}$. It has a _____ Bravais lattice and the point group _____ in the _____ crystal system. [4 pts]
3. A direction in the a-b plane of a crystal with a component along b that is twice as great as the component along a has the notation []. [4 pts]
4. Fill in the blanks: [4 pts]

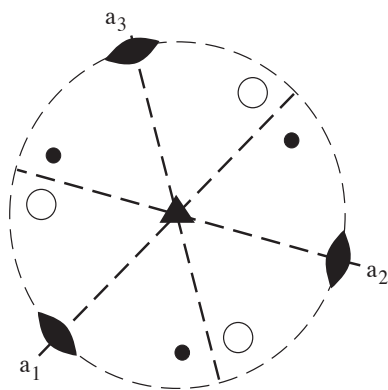
Crystal System	Characteristic Symmetry	Metrical Properties
Tetragonal		
		$a \neq b \neq c; \alpha = \beta = \gamma = 90^\circ$

5. For the following figures, what are the: [12 pts]

Crystal system: _____

Principal directions: < >< >>

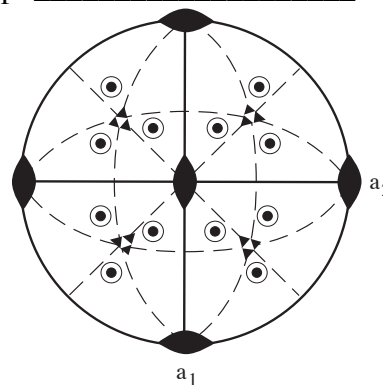
Point group: _____



Crystal system: _____

> Principal directions: < >< >>

Point group: _____



6. Draw a complete stereogram with symmetry elements and generalized equivalent faces for the point group $\frac{2}{m}$. Indicate the principal directions. [20 pts]

7. Assume the lengths of the sides of a unit cell for the newly discovered mineral bradyite are:
 $a_1 = 6 \text{ \AA}$, $a_2 = 6 \text{ \AA}$, and $c = 2 \text{ \AA}$. Axial intercepts are given for face A in the mineral. Calculate the Miller index for the face. Be sure to show your calculations neatly. [12 pts]
- a) Face A: $a_1 = 2 \text{ \AA}$
 $a_2 = 4 \text{ \AA}$
 $c = 4 \text{ \AA}$
- c) What crystal system do you suspect this crystal is in? _____
8. Define the property of **streak** in minerals. Contrast its use in mineral identification with **color**. [6 pts]
9. Name the crystal systems that our textbook recognizes. [12 pts]
10. List the Mohs hardness scale from 1 to 10. [10 pts]
11. Are the following minerals? Why or why not? [8 pts]
- a) the quartz crystal in my watch b) coal
- c) a fossil animal shell made of calcite d) obsidian (volcanic glass)
12. List the Miller indices of all the faces of an octahedron. [4 pts]